

WINTHROP SCHOLARSHIPS ARE AWARDED.

Residents of Rural Districts Win Good Percentage of Awards Through-out State.

Columbia, Sept. 8.—Award of scholarships at Winthrop College were announced yesterday from the office of John E. Swearingen, State superintendent of education. There were 342 applicants for the scholarships and 145 others simultaneously took the entrance examinations. Approximately three-fourths of those taking the examinations dropped below the passing grade. There were only 46 vacancies and 31 of these went to young women living in rural communities. Those to whom the scholarships were awarded were:

Abbeville—Pauline Clinkscales and Florence Alvey Henry.
Aiken—Clara Catherine Atwood.
Anderson—Alva Louise Hodges.
Barnwell—Julia Emma Halford.
Beaufort—Mary H. Kyserling and Jessie Levin.
Berkeley—Helen Rudloff.
Charleston—Rose Jenkins, Susie E. Jervy and Martha S. Moore.
Chester—Lucille Ferguson.
Clarendon—Bulah Ruth Johnson and Garland McCutchen.
Dillon—Mary Turt.
Edgewood—Willie Sullivan Peak.
Fairfield—Minnie Lee Seliger and Marion Kirkland.

Florence—Florence Augusta Lawrence and Myrtle Creola Humphry.
Georgetown—Julia Ada Cornell and Lois Carraway.
Greenville—Pearl Walker.
Hampton—Jessie Louise Simmons.
Horry—Lula Sweet.
Kershaw—Ethel M. Bruce.
Newberry—Lavinia Kinard.
Orangeburg—Annie Arnette Holway.

Pickens—Ida Lou Hunter.
Richland—Pauline Toney.
Spartanburg—Mary Crow, Neola Dills and Ruby C. Walden.
Sumter—Ella Pauline Workman and Louise R. Geddings.
York—Hazel Gordon and Emma Hope.

From the State at Large—Annie Lee Burkhead, Laurens; Augusta Walton, Greenville; Susan Ellen Willis, Greenville; Virginia Shanklin, Richland; Mary Alice Foster, Anderson; Carolina P. Richardson, Sumter; Harriet Watson, Laurens; Virginia Gray, Laurens; Louise Bailey, Greenville.

The trustees recommended that State scholarships now held by the following students be extended another season:

Aiken—Ruth Quattlebaum and Mary Ona Denny.
Anderson—Sara Bailey, S. Bertha Dunlap, Clara Eudine, Emma Idelle Greer and Margaret Attaway.
Barnwell—Stella Lancaster and Pauline Cook.
Barnwell—Julia C. Barclay and S. Kathleen Jenkins.

Berkeley—Estelle DeHay.
Charleston—Annie M. Jenkins, Eleanor Mitchell and Maude Turbeville.

Cherokee—Lillian Kirby.
Chester—Sarah Julia Kee.
Chesterfield—Gertrude Hartzell and Fressli Houser.

Clarendon—Josephine Felder.
Colleton—Marie deTreville and Nora Goodwin.
Darlington—Sallie Flynn Hart, M. Ethel Byrd and Marie E. Tedder.

Dillon—Annie Mae Allen.
Dorchester—Harriet Graham.
Edgewood—Janice Morgan.
Florence—Isa Lawhon.

Greenville—Lois James, Nan Martin, Blanche Sloan, Nettie Gresham, T. Christine Holland.
Greenwood—Bessie Hart Edwards.

Mary Frownlee Rice and Mary Ola Roberts.
Horry—Mattie Stanley Nance.

Jasper—Amrien Benton.
Kershaw—Olga N. Rush.
Lancaster—Mary Kirk.

Laurens—Mary F. Burton, Julia Owens and Mattie Lee Riddle.
Lee—Mary Livingston Perrin.
Lexington—Susie E. Low and Florence F. Lyles.

Marion—Ethel Emma Mace and Nell Jones.
Marlboro—Sara Sherill and Eulah K. Easterling.

McCormick—Ethel Stroh.
Newberry—Susan F. Langford and Grace Sease.
Oconee—Grace Watson Peard and Lillian Ethel Martin.

Orangeburg—Winnie Davis Edwards, Annie Bertha Danzler, Inez Pauline Galphin and Viola C. Gardner.

Pickens—Mary E. Wyatt.
Richland—Velma Harris, H. Golden Brooks, Kathleen Marchant and Helen Cheatham.

Saluda—Annie Laura Maynard and Lila Mae Sawyer.
Spartanburg—Mel Lee Daniel, Lella M. Prince, Ruth Smith and Lella Mae Tomlinson.

Sumter—Kate Hinson.
Union—Florence Wilburn.
Williamsburg—Ena Eaddy, Rowena Eaddy and Emma Liffage.

York—Christine Holler and Edna Lawrence.
One of the scholarships, endowed

by Dr. Gill Wylie of New York, has been awarded to Miss Beulah I. Johnson of Inman, Spartanburg county. Miss Johnson made the highest grade of all applicants taking the competitive examination July 6.

TO CONTROL GOLD EXPORT.

President Wilson Orders Embargo Effective September 10.

Washington, Sept. 7.—President Wilson tonight placed an embargo, effective September 10, on the exportation of coin, bullion and currency. At the same time he authorized the secretary of the treasury to license such exportations, where in the opinion of the Federal Reserve Board, they are not harmful to the public interest.

The effect of the embargo which applies to all nations, will be to place absolute control over gold exports in the hands of Secretary McAdoo and the Federal Reserve Board. Officials believe that the measure will go far toward conserving the huge store of gold accumulated in this country since beginning of the war, a store which recently has been drawn upon rather heavily by Japan, Mexico and Spain.

Strict adherence to the embargo is regarded as unlikely and undesirable. Curtailment, however, of the free movement of gold to the Orient appears probable. For some time past treasury and reserve board officials have viewed with some concern the tendency of gold to flow away from the United States.

NO SECOND DRAFT SOON.

Crowder Says President is Not Considering Such Move.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Provost Marshal General Crowder, in issuing new rulings concerning the execution of the selective draft law, today reiterated that no date had been set for a second call for men for the national army, and that so far as known no second call is contemplated by President Wilson.

Rulings issued today provide that a registrant whose order liability does not permit of his being selected for the first quota cannot, even at his own request, be advanced and sent with that quota.

The acceptance of substitutes for men selected for military duty is prohibited and local boards are instructed not to consider claims of a registrant from the army, navy or marine corps at the expiration of enlistment or for some physical disability since corrected.

Another ruling is that registrants may in certain circumstances be exempted or discharged to enable them to continue in non-military pursuits, but after they are selected for military service they may not be assigned to non-military service.

The office of the Tri-County Cotton Marketing Association was opened on East Liberty Street this morning with Mr. G. T. Brooks in charge. Mr. Brooks is an expert cotton classifier in the service of the Bureau of Market of the Department of Agriculture and has been detailed for the season on the Sumter market. Mr. J. H. Higginbotham, Field Agent of the Bureau of Markets is here temporarily assisting Mr. Brooks in getting the Marketing Association started. Considerable cotton was taken to the office today to be graded and the association headquarters has taken on a business-like appearance. This marketing association is the biggest and most important thing that has ever been started by the farmers of this section of the State and if cotton farmers will unite in its support and make use of the service that it offers them they will make more money out of their cotton and build up the best and biggest market in the State. The marketing association is a cooperative enterprise by farmers for farmers and its primary purpose is to help the farmers financially, but while they are helping themselves they will be helping this market. The association will standardize grades and cotton will be sold strictly on grades, so that the man who has good cotton will get all it is worth, while those who do not handle their cotton carefully and produce poor cotton will pay the penalty. And what is more important the association will be the means of enabling the farmers to sell direct to mills in large lots by pooling their cotton. The farmer who does not unite with, support and avail himself of the services of the cotton grader will be standing in his own light. The association can be made to revolutionize the marketing of cotton in this section of the State—but it all depends upon the cooperation of the farmers.

A letter from Mr. R. D. Epps says that all the Sumter men at Fort Oglethorpe are hard at work and getting along well. All of them are in the infantry, except Dabbs and Deschamps who are in the field artillery. He says also, that there are more than twelve hundred Pennsylvanians in the camp and that most of the men in the company with him are Pennsylvanians.

NEW MODEL AIR PLANES.

New German Machines Fly at Altitude of Thirteen Thousand Feet While on Attack.

Paris, Sept. 6.—The Gotha airplanes with which the Germans have been bombarding England, are motor-planes fitted with two motors developing 430 horse power and with two tractor propellers, according to Georges Sprade, the French aviation expert. They carry three persons—the pilot, a bomb thrower and a machine gun operator. All can serve the quick firers if they are attacked, as there are three of these guns carried.

M. Sprade, who has been watching the machines at the front, says that these machines, passing at an altitude of 13,000 feet on the attack, can return at an altitude of 20,000 feet without their bombs, their super-compressed motors giving them full power at great heights.

NEGROES IN THE MAJORITY.

Far Outnumber White Men Drafted for Army.

Columbia, Sept. 7.—A far greater number of negroes than whites have been certified for service in the national army from this State up on the present, according to incomplete records being compiled by the Adjutant General's office. Major John D. Frost, Assistant Adjutant General has been compiling this list for some time, but many of the local boards are slow to send in the desired information. Incomplete lists from eighteen local districts show a total of 578 white men certified and 921 negroes.

Lists compiled separately for white men and negroes so far are as follows:

	White.	Negro.
Abbeville	46	53
Anderson No. 1	39	35
Anderson No. 3	23	39
Beaufort	13	105
Calhoun	21	97
Chesterfield	20	..
Dorchester	49	112
Edgewood	5	20
Greenville No. 1	68	29
Georgetown	11	33
Laurens	39	140
McCormick	7	4
Newberry	9	28
Oconee	28	17
Orangeburg	33	122
Pickens	19	53
Spartanburg No.	9	1
Spartanburg No. 2 . . .	39	33
Total	578	921

Corrected Mortality.

Some time ago the Herald noted that the impression apparently so prevalent among the friends of American soldiers that a large proportion of the American expeditionary forces cannot look forward to a safe return home was entirely unsupported by the actual experiences of the war and utterly unjustified by the official statistics. The French, who have suffered the most, have a mortality of scarcely more than 1-4 per cent. for the six months of strenuous fighting from January to July of the present year.

But the whole story of the fighting in the west of Europe shows more favorable results even than that. The statistics carefully collected from official sources show a mortality for all the allies on the western front of not more than 11 per 1,000 of those engaged. This figure includes also those who died subsequently, sometimes even long after, from battle wounds.

In spite of another prevalent impression to the contrary, carefully fostered in some quarters, the mortality of recent months is not only no higher than it was at the beginning of the war but much lower. It was the first million men from France and the first hundred thousand from England who had to bear the brunt of German preparedness and their own comparative unreadiness. The lesson of war has been learned. The mortality of British and French forces now is not much more than one-fifth what it was at the Marne and in Flanders.—New York Herald.

Their Reputation.

P. G. Wodehouse, the English humorist, said at an antipacifist luncheon in New York:

"My dear friends, I am in hearty sympathy with the sergeant who was burying a heap of German dead taken from the debris of a Zeppelin that had murdered a hundred women and babies.

"Sergeant," whispered a private saluting, "one of these here German corpses don't want to be buried. He says he ain't dead."

"Bury him anyway," said the sergeant firmly. "These Germans are such liars you can't believe a word they say."—Washington Star.

Happily Married.

Mrs. Quackenbush—Am got' daughtah happily married, Sissah Sagg?

Mrs. Sagg—She sho' is! Bressgoodness, she's done got a husband dat's skeered to death of her!—Woman's Home Companion.

EXAMINATIONS CONCLUDED.

Sixty-seven Men Fail to Appear for Physical Test—Believed Sufficient Number of Men Obtained.

The second day of physical examinations under the second call for men of the national army saw a small percentage of rejections, running about twenty per cent. Eighty-two men appeared before the examining physicians. Out of the 225 men summoned sixty-seven have so far failed to answer the call and appear for examination. These men will automatically be drafted into the army.

The general belief is that sufficient men have appeared, passed the physical examination, and will be accepted to fill out the number needed to supply the first quota. The local board will go into exemption claims next week. About seventy-five men will be selected out of the number examined yesterday and today. The list of those accepted and rejected today is as follows:

Accepted.

F. F. Telcher,
J. S. Burgin,
Drane C. Pritchard,
Julius M. Keels,
R. A. Johnson,
Ollie B. Belk,
Lem B. Parker,
L. S. Proctor,
Robert Cantey,
Hugh Franklin,
S. Y. Tupper,
W. P. Brazell,
Archie Plowden,
Edgar Reese,
Simmons Freshlo,
Arthur Wheeler,
Junius Nedd,
Archie Gordon,
James Brigman,
Segar Scriven,
Chapell McFaddin,
Walker Wilson,
Herbert Pitts,
Mack Galloway,
Robert Richardson,
Norris Reese,
Raney Perry,
Robert Perry,
Horace Billups,
Walter Pierson,
Henry Snow,
Sam M. Diggs,
Isaiah Johnson,
Henry Johnson,
Charley Stokes,
Thomas Weathers,
Levi Monroe,
Johnson Scriven,
Peter Boney,
David Champion,
Moses McKnight,
Richard Sumter,
Morris Holland,
Ramsey Brown,
Joseph Woods,
Lucius Spann,
Isam Mitchell,
A. A. Wells,
Joe Lewis,
Walter Ford,
James W. Dixon,
David Hasty,
Douglas Gallachar,
Melvin Prescott,
James E. McQuilla,
Hubert Sanders,
John Caldwell,
Willie Bethune,
Wm. Henry Green.

Rejected.

Ellison Evans,
Charlie E. Owens,
Rollin Barkley,
Albert Leddingham,
Henry Ferguson,
May Murray, Jr.,
O. G. Dorn,
William Plowden,
T. R. Littlejohn,
Edward Seale,
Thomas Goodman,
Willie Kirby,
J. W. Dow,
Henry Canty,
T. C. DuBose,
Alec Bennett,
Aleck Dargan,
Henry L. York,
Henry Johnson,
Julius Johnson,
John Burgess.

WEALTHY WIDOW MURDERED.

Chicago Coroner Believes Woman Was Killed on Joy Ride.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—The post mortem examination of the body of Mrs. Anna A. King, the widow of James C. King, the late Chicago millionaire, whose death resulted from a bullet wound near Concord, N. C., August 29th, indicates that she was murdered, in the opinion of Coroner Hoffman. The Concord coroner's jury brought in a verdict of accident. She took an automobile trip with Gaston Means, Alfred Means and A. S. Bingham. She met her death after alighting at the spring to get a drink.

State Warehouse Commissioner Smith advises farmers to hold their cotton until the market becomes steady, as the decline is evidently due to speculation and the rush of new cotton to the market. This opinion may be some consolation to those who refused to sell old cotton when the market price was up to 25 cents.

SEIZE NEUTRAL VESSELS.

United States Needs More Ocean Going Tonnage and Would Be Within Rights.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Shortage of ocean going tonnage may cause the United States to seize some 400,000 tons of neutral shipping now in American ports. Dutch and other Scandinavian ships which are loaded with foodstuffs may be required, it was stated today, to discharge their cargoes and go to Australia and Java for wheat and sugar.

International law officials point out, gives belligerents the right to commandeer neutral ships whenever the emergencies of war require it. Dutch ships of 300,000 tonnage and other Scandinavian vessels of one-third that tonnage have lain in American ports

loaded with foodstuffs ever since the export control act was put into operation.

Suicide in Laurens.

Gray Court, Sept. 6.—J. Milam Hellams and wife were found dead in their home this morning with a bullet hole in the head of each. The tragedy is thought to have occurred yesterday afternoon. Mr. Hellams was about 68 years old and a Confederate veteran. He was a farmer of Sullivan's Township, Laurens County. Up to a late hour today no cause could be found for the killing.

Second Lieuts. O. L. Sanders and W. W. Jones have been assigned to Co. L (Sumter Light Infantry), 2d S. C. Inf. at Camp Sevier, Greenville. They are Training Camp officers who recently received commissions.

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